Questions and Answers - The Angel Who Restored the Gospel
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Source: Improvement Era, Vol. 6, No. 5 (March 1903), pp. 393-394
Published by: Young Men’s Mutual Improvement Association
mon (I Nephi 22:21; III Nephi 20:23). The words of Peter (Acts 3:22-24) seem to admit of only one interpretation, and that is, that Christ partly fulfilled this prophecy in his first coming, and will complete its fulfillment in his second coming, when the restitution of all things shall be accomplished. In fact, Peter expressly refers to the fact that the prophets had foretold the coming of "that prophet" in the person of Christ, their prophecies to be fulfilled in those days (Acts 3: 24-26). There can be no doubt that this is the interpretation to be placed upon those words. Therefore, an attempt on the part of a modern pretender to take this honor to himself, is directly opposed to the inspired words of one of the apostles. The only passage that seems to intimate that Christ and "that prophet" are not identical, is John 1:19-25. Here Christ and "that prophet" are spoken of as two different persons. This may be easily explained, on one of two hypotheses. First, the marginal reading is "a prophet." This reading would relieve the difficulty. Or, secondly, as the Jews were entirely mistaken in their conception of the mission of the Messiah, so we may safely conclude that they were mistaken regarding the identity of "that prophet." But after all, the claims of John Alexander Dowie, and other pretended Elijahs and restorers may be disproved by being submitted to the crucial test set forth in the last two verses of the chapter in Deuteronomy (18th) in which this prediction regarding "that prophet" occurs: "When a prophet speaketh in the name of the Lord, if the thing follow not, nor come to pass, that is the thing which the Lord hath not spoken, but the prophet hath spoken it presumptuously: thou shalt not be afraid of him."

The Angel Who Restored the Gospel.

Explain Rev. 14: 6, 7. Who was this angel who should restore the gospel? Was it John or Moroni? If the latter, how did he restore it?

It appears that the inquirer is of the opinion that this angel who was to "fly in the midst of heaven, having the everlasting gospel to preach unto them that dwell on the earth," was John the Baptist; his reason, as he gives it, being that John restored
the Aaronic priesthood by ordaining Joseph Smith and Oliver Cowdery, and conferring upon them the keys of that authority. Also, that as he was the forerunner of Christ, so he was the restorer of the gospel in the Fulness of Times. But this view is not held by the Church, it being generally understood that the angel Moroni fulfilled the mission of the Revelator when he came from heaven to earth to reveal the truths of the Book of Mormon. He visited the prophet three times in one night (September 21, 1823), showed him where the plates were hidden, and instructed him in the prophecies relating to the latter-days. He finally delivered the plates to the prophet, and guided him in their translation, at last receiving the treasure to himself, to be kept until it shall please God to bring forth the sealed and yet untranslated portions for the benefit of mankind.

The revelations bear out the idea that it was Moroni and not John who restored the gospel, and that it was restored through the Book of Mormon which Moroni revealed:

For the hour cometh that I will drink of the fruit of the vine with you on the earth, and with Moroni, whom I have sent unto you to reveal the Book of Mormon, containing the fullness of my everlasting gospel.—Doc. & Cov., sec. 27: 5.

And again, what do we hear? Glad tidings from Cumorah! Moroni, an angel from heaven, declaring the fulfillment of the prophets—the book to be revealed.—Sec. 128: 20.

That the authorities understand this angel to be the one referred to, is evidenced by their having permitted the placing of the figure of Moroni on the highest tower of the Salt Lake temple, with a golden trumpet, in the attitude of proclaiming the gospel to all nations. John the baptist held the authority of the Aaronic Priesthood which he conferred upon the prophet, but Moroni declared the gospel to him, and was the angel referred to by John the Revelator. For a further discussion of this subject, the questioner is referred to Manual, Number 3, 1899-1900, lesson 2, notes 2-5.